

2025-26 Volleyball Officials Exam for Postseason Tournament Consideration

1. Which of the following player equipment is considered illegal? (4-1-2)
 - A. Medical equipment such as an insulin pump or cochlear implant which has been covered/securedly attached.
 - B. Sweatbands or neoprene sleeve worn on the forearm.
 - C. A hard cast or brace on the hand/lower forearm, covered with half-inch foam.
 - D. All of the above items are legal.
2. Which of the following equipment must be padded? (3-1-3)
 - A. Standards
 - B. Net support floor/wall cables
 - C. First Referee's platform
 - D. All must be padded.
3. Which of the following are examples of legal uniform numbers? (4-2-4c)
 - A. The numbers are the same color as the uniform with a clearly contrasting border not to exceed 1/2 inch in width.
 - B. The numbers clearly contrast from the uniform and include a border not to exceed 1/2 inch in width.
 - C. The numbers clearly contrast from the uniform and do not have a border.
 - D. B and C are legal uniform numbers.
4. For illegal alignment, loss of rally/point is awarded to the opponent for: (6-4 PENALTIES)
 - A. Positioning, at the moment of a legal serve, of any player other than the server, outside the boundaries of the playing area.
 - B. Overlapping by players other than the server at the moment a legal serve occurs.
 - C. Both A and B.
 - D. None of the above.
5. Which of the following is incorrect concerning the net? (3-1-4, 3-1-5)
 - A. The net antennas shall be attached to the net in line with the outside edge of the sideline.
 - B. The height of the net shall be 7 feet, 6 inches for girls.
 - C. The height of the net shall be 7 feet, 11 5/8 inches for boys.
 - D. The net measured at the ends shall not exceed the standard height by more than 3/4 inch.
6. Which of the following would make a uniform bottom illegal? (4-2-1f, i)
 - A. Single manufacturer's logo/trademark/reference on the waistband.
 - B. Multiple manufacturer's logo/trademark/reference on the waistband.
 - C. A different-colored uniform bottom from the rest of the team.
 - D. School logo no more than 2 1/4 square inches.
 - E. All of the above are illegal.
7. A referee shall stop play when: (2-4-1d, e)
 - A. A ball is played over a nonplayable area and the player has a body part in contact with a playable area at the same time the ball is contacted.
 - B. The ball contacts a cable used to retract a ceiling-suspended net system.
 - C. The ball contacts any part of a backboard or its supports which is hanging in a vertical position, over the playable area.
 - D. Both B and C.

8. At the moment of the serve, which statement about player positioning is not true? (6-4-3a, b)
- A. All players, including the libero, shall be in the correct serving order.
 - B. All players, including the libero, are not required to be in the correct serving order.
 - C. No player, other than the server, may have any part of the body touching the floor outside of the boundary lines.
 - D. All players, except the server, shall be within the team's playing court and boundary lines.
9. Which of the following statements is false regarding music and/or sound effects? (1-8)
- A. Music/sound effects are permitted prior to start of the set.
 - B. Music/sound effects are permitted during warm-ups.
 - C. Music/sound effects are permitted during play.
 - D. Music/sound effects are permitted during time-outs.
10. Which of the following jewelry is allowed? (4-1-7)
- A. Hoop earrings.
 - B. No jewelry is allowed.
 - C. Stud(s) or post(s) above the chin.
 - D. String or commemorative bracelets.
11. Which of the following fault penalties are false? (9-7 PENALTIES)
- A. For a double fault during a live-ball play, a loss of rally/point is awarded to the opponent.
 - B. For a double fault during a dead ball, the penalty is assessed against the serving team followed by the receiving team with both teams rotating.
 - C. For a simultaneous fault during a dead ball, all applicable penalties are accessed.
 - D. For a multiple fault, only one penalty is assessed (loss of rally/point).
12. Multiple contacts are permitted only for the following: (9-4-8c)
- A. On any first team hit, whether or not the ball is touched by the block.
 - B. When the first ball over the net rebounds from one part of the player's body to one or more other parts in one attempt to block.
 - C. On the second team hit if the ball is next contacted by a teammate.
 - D. All of the above.
13. Team S has six players. After the set begins No. 6 is injured and is unable to play. Player No. 25 arrives, but is not listed on the roster. Player No. 25: (7-1-1 PENALTY 3)
- A. May enter the set without penalty.
 - B. May not play until the next set.
 - C. May be added to the roster and enter the set after the team is penalized with a loss of rally/point awarded to the opponent.
 - D. May enter the set only in the service position.
14. Team R's head coach calls a time-out to discuss with the R1 the call of an illegal back-row block on Team R. What is the correct ruling? (11-3-1)
- A. Illegal. The official's decision is final.
 - B. Team R will be charged with a time-out no matter the result of the review.
 - C. Team R will not be charged with a time-out if the decision is changed.
 - D. The coach will be penalized for questioning an official's call.

15. In the case of an injury/illness to the libero during the set and the libero cannot continue to play, the head coach is permitted to:
 - A. Replace the libero with any player on the bench.
 - B. Complete a legal libero replacement and request a substitution for another player on the court during the injury time-out.
 - C. Complete a legal libero replacement for the injured/ill player and may substitute for the replacement player.
 - D. Take as much time as needed to decide if the player can continue play.
16. Which of the following is true for substitution requests? (10-1-4)
 - A. Substitution requests can be made prior to the start of the set.
 - B. Substitutions requests can be made during a live ball.
 - C. Substitution requests can be made by an assistant coach.
 - D. Substitution requests can be made by a player on the court.
17. Which statement is correct regarding an unruly spectator disrupting the set? (12-3)
 - A. The first referee gives a yellow card to the coach of the team for whom the fan is yelling.
 - B. The first referee approaches the spectator and tells the spectator to leave the facility.
 - C. The first referee suspends the set until the host management resolves the situation, then play continues.
 - D. The second referee approaches the spectator and tells the spectator to leave the facility.
18. Which of the following statements is true regarding volleyballs for both boys and girls? (3-2)
 - A. Volleyballs must have the NFHS Authenticating mark.
 - B. Volleyballs must be smooth in texture.
 - C. Volleyballs must be royal blue, white and grey with rectangular panels.
 - D. All of the above are true.
19. A replay may be declared when: (9-8-1b & h)
 - A. A double whistle occurs on the serve.
 - B. A player intentionally serves the ball prior to the referee's signal.
 - C. The ball contacts a backboard hanging in the vertical position over a playable area, and in the judgment of the referee, the ball would have remained in play.
 - D. Both A and C.
20. Which of the following is a responsibility of the scorer? (5-6-1c)
 - A. Enter on the scoresheet the uniform numbers of the starting players in proper service order.
 - B. Notify the first referee during play when there is a discrepancy with the score.
 - C. Record libero replacements and substitutions.
 - D. Time the prematch warm-up period.
21. If a net fault is whistled by the second referee, the second referee will: (5-2-1b)
 - A. Indicate the player committing the fault, then the nature of the fault.
 - B. Indicate the nature of the play.
 - C. Indicate the nature of the fault, then the player committing the fault.
 - D. First mirror the first referee.
22. The center line: (2-1-4, 2-1-4 NOTE)
 - A. Must be continuous and 2 inches (or 5 centimeters) wide.
 - B. Must be solid.
 - C. May be shadow-bordered 2 inches (or 5 centimeters) wide.
 - D. Both A and C.

23. The first referee shall whistle and direct players to their respective end lines prior to the first set. What players are permitted to stand on their respective end lines? (5-4-3c(1))
- A. Any rostered player.
 - B. Starting players only.
 - C. Starting players and libero only.
 - D. Non-starting players only.
24. A match shall be declared a forfeit when: (1-5-2)
- A. A disqualified individual violates conduct rules following disqualification.
 - B. A team refuses to play when directed to do so by the first referee.
 - C. A coach is removed for unsporting conduct and no school personnel is present to assume responsibility for the team.
 - D. All of the above.
25. During service, three players from the serving team stand close together at the net, waving their hands above their heads, while the server serves the ball directly over them in a low flat trajectory. (6-5-2 PENALTY)
- A. This action should result in the loss of a rally/point awarded to the opponent.
 - B. The R2 tells the receiving team they should move if they want to see the ball.
 - C. The officials make no call unless the receiving team complains about the inability to see the server.
 - D. The timer sounds the horn, signaling the stoppage of play until the serving team spreads out and puts their arms below their heads.
26. For uniform tops, which of the following are considered legal undergarments? (4-2-1h(3))
- A. Unadorned of any color.
 - B. A color similar to the predominant color of the uniform - all teammates, other than the libero, match.
 - C. Solid black, white or gray - all teammates, other than the libero, match.
 - D. Both B and C.
27. A ball is out of bounds and becomes dead when it: (2-3 d, g)
- A. Touches the net cables or net not completely inside the antenna.
 - B. Touches or enters (from the direction of the court) an adjacent court scheduled for play.
 - C. Both A and B.
 - D. None of the above.
28. The libero may: (10-4-1a)
- A. Set the ball with a two-hand finger pass while standing on the attack line and have a team member complete an attack above the height of the net.
 - B. Replace any back-row player.
 - C. Attack a ball above the height of the net.
 - D. Serve in two different positions.
29. When should a scoresheet be supplied to the officials' table? (3-3-1)
- A. At least 5 minutes before the match.
 - B. At least 10 minutes before the match.
 - C. At least 15 minutes before the match.
 - D. At least 20 minutes before the match.

30. Failure to submit a roster to the second referee at the pre-match conference results in the following penalty: (7-1 PENALTIES)
- A. An administrative red card shall be assessed at the start of the set.
 - B. An unnecessary delay (administrative yellow card) shall be assessed at the start of the set.
 - C. Offending team is charged a time-out.
 - D. A loss of rally/point is given to the offending team.