

2023-24 Volleyball Officials Exam for Postseason Tournament Consideration & Answers

- Teams will not switch benches unless:
 - Host management determines that one side of the court has a disadvantage.
 - R1 determines that one side of the court has a disadvantage.
 - The home team's head coach informs the R1 that teams will switch sides.
 - Both teams agree to switch benches between sets.
- Which of the following is true about the MHSAA Official's uniform?
 - All officials must dress alike.
 - Shirts must be white (or bright blue, if both R1 and R2 agree) with horizontal MHSAA logo on the left chest.
 - Shoes, socks, and slacks must be black.
 - All of the above.
- For teams with fewer than six players, each time a vacant position rotates to serve in the right back position, the next server by rotation shall assume the serve.
 - True
 - False
- Prior to the deciding set, the captain from which team calls the toss?
 - Visiting team
 - Home team
- A spectator becomes unruly and disruptive to the orderly progress of the set. The individual responsible for resolving the situation is:
 - The first referee
 - The second referee
 - Host management
 - Official scorer
- Which of the following is incorrect concerning the first referee? The first referee must have:
 - A coin and a watch.
 - A lineup card.
 - A whistle.
 - A set of yellow and red cards.
- The coaching zone is defined by:
 - The area near the sideline between the attack line and the center line.
 - The libero replacement zone and the area beyond the end line and sideline extended.
 - The area near the sideline between the attack line and the end line.
 - Not a defined area.
- All of the following are correct, except:
 - A time-out will last for a maximum of sixty (60) seconds.
 - Each team is limited to four (4) time-outs per set.
 - A time-out may be called by the dead coach during a dead ball.
 - A time-out may be called prior to the start of a set.

9. During warmups prior to the match, the referees notice a player on Team A wearing plastic beads at the end of long braids. The braids are free-flowing, allowing the braids to sway back and forth as the player moves.
 - a. All beads are legal and the player can participate in the match with those adornments.
 - b. Beads are only legal if securely fastened to the head and do not present a risk of injury to the player, teammates or opponents. The referees should notify the coach of Team A that the player must legally secure the beads before being allowed to participate.
 - c. Beads are illegal and the referees should notify the Team A coach that the player must remove the beads from the hair to participate.

10. During warmups prior to the match, the referees notice some Team A players wearing spandex with multiple logos on the waistband, in addition to the 2¼ square inch logo found on the bottom of the leg of the spandex.
 - a. There are no restrictions to the number or the size of logos on the waistband of uniform bottoms, and the spandex is deemed legal.
 - b. Logos on the waistband of uniform bottoms are limited to one and must meet the same size restrictions as the logos on the legs of the spandex. The referees shall notify Team A's coach that the players will need to change their uniform bottoms or be penalized by awarding a loss of rally/point to Team B to start the match.
 - c. Logos on the waistband of uniform bottoms are limited to one and must meet the same size restrictions as the logos on the legs of the spandex. The referees shall notify the head coach of team A that the uniform bottoms are out of compliance and notify the state association for further penalty, however there is no penalty assessed to start the match.

11. The following are true regarding the serve, except:
 - a. A server may only serve when in the right back position.
 - b. A server shall not touch the end line at the instant the ball is contacted for serve.
 - c. A server must complete the serve within eight (8) seconds.
 - d. A server is granted one re-serve during each time of service.

12. Which of the following would make a uniform bottom illegal?
 - a. Single manufacturer's logo/trademark/reference on the waistband.
 - b. Multiple manufacturer's logo/trademark/reference on the waistband.
 - c. A different-colored uniform bottom from the rest of the team.
 - d. School logo no more than 2 1/4 square inches.

13. A live ball becomes dead when:
 - a. The receiving team makes multiple contacts with a served ball on its first hit.
 - b. The serve contacts the net and enters into the receiving team's court.
 - c. The ball touches the floor.
 - d. After touching the ball on a block, a team contacts the ball three times before returning the ball into the opponent's court.

14. If a net fault is whistled by the first referee, the first referee shall indicate the result of the play followed by the nature of the fault. The second referee will mirror the signal for a net serve.
 - a. True
 - b. False

15. It is permissible for a player to compete with which piece of equipment:
 - a. An elbow brace that extends more than halfway down the forearm.
 - b. A knee brace that has been altered from the manufacturer's original design.
 - c. A protective face mask made of hard material that is molded to the face with no protrusions.
 - d. A cast made of plaster on the hand.

16. Which of the following jewelry is allowed?
 - a. Hoop earrings.
 - b. Studs or posts above the chin.
 - c. String or commemorative bracelets.
 - d. No jewelry is allowed.

17. Which of the following are examples of legal uniform numbers?
 - a. The numbers are the same color as the uniform with a clearly contrasting border not to exceed 1/2 inch in width.
 - b. The numbers clearly contrast from the uniform and include a border not to exceed 1/2 inch in width.
 - c. The numbers clearly contrast from the uniform and do not have a border.
 - d. B and C are legal uniform numbers.

18. An assistant coach may stand in which of the following situations?
 - a. During a dead ball in the coaching zone when one assistant coach is already standing.
 - b. During a live ball to review the accuracy of the score with the second referee.
 - c. During a dead ball in the coaching zone if no other assistant coach is standing.
 - d. During a dead ball to request a time-out.

19. Barrettes and other adornments in the hair are legal if they:
 - a. Do not increase risk to the player and/or teammates.
 - b. Do not increase risk to the opponent(s).
 - c. Are securely fastened.
 - d. All are correct.

20. Between sets, teams may:
 - a. Serve into opponent's court.
 - b. Hit into opponent's court.
 - c. Handle volleyballs on their own side of the playing area.
 - d. Jog around the entire playing surface.

21. At the moment of the serve:
 - a. Each right-side player shall have at least part of one foot touching the floor closer to the right sideline than both feet of the center player in the corresponding row.
 - b. The center back may be closer to the right sideline than the serving right back.
 - c. Each front-row player shall have at least part of one foot touching the floor closer to the center line than both feet of the corresponding back row player.
 - d. All are correct.

22. Which of the following player equipment is considered illegal?
- Medical equipment such as an insulin pump or cochlear implant which has been covered/securely attached.
 - Sweatbands or neoprene sleeve worn on the forearm.
 - A hard cast or brace on the hand/lower forearm, covered with half-inch foam.
 - All of the above items are legal.
23. A back-row setter, when in front of the attack line, may not:
- Send the ball into the opponent's court when the ball is partially above the height of the net.
 - Jump.
 - Joust with any blocker when the ball is completely over the height of the net.
 - Contact the ball below the height of the net.
24. A referee shall stop play when a player gains an illegal advantage by contacting:
- Scorer's table or official's table
 - Team bench
 - Team members
 - All are illegal
25. A tossed ball that contacts a backboard or its supports hanging in a vertical position over the serving area is a service fault and not eligible for a re-serve.
- True
 - False
26. Libero replacements may take place in all of the following situations EXCEPT:
- At the start of each set after the starting lineup has been checked.
 - After a time-out, once all players have returned to the court, without the replacement sitting out one rally/dead ball.
 - At the end of a rally.
 - While the ball is out of play and prior to the whistle and signal for serve.
27. Loss of rally/point is awarded to the opponent for illegal alignment when:
- Overlapping by players other than the server at the moment of legal serve occurs.
 - Positioning, at moment of a legal serve, of any player, other than server, outside the boundaries of the playing area.
 - Both are correct.
 - None are correct.
28. Team A requests and is granted a substitution, #5 for #11. Team B immediately requests and is granted a time-out. At the conclusion of the time-out, Team A requests a substitution #11 for #5. The second referee denies the substitution, indicating to the Team A coach that #11 may not re-enter the set during the same dead ball (no point has been scored).
- Correct procedure
 - Incorrect procedure

29. Two or more separate attempts to play the ball by one player with no interrupting contact by a different player between the two plays is called:
- Simultaneous contact.
 - Successive contacts.
 - Multiple contacts.
 - None of the above
30. A libero is allowed to:
- Block or attempt to block.
 - Set the ball using overhead finger action while on or in front of the attack line extended, resulting in a completed attack above the height of the net.
 - Complete an attack from anywhere if, at the moment of contact, the ball is entirely above the height of the net.
 - Rotate to the front row.
 - None of the above are allowed