1. During a regular season night game, a match is tied 1-1 at halftime. During halftime, the lights and all the power go out at the field and the athletic administrator says the power will not be back on until the morning.
A. Since the game had league title implications, the game can be resumed the next day.
B. Since one full half has been completed, the match is over. The final score is 1-1.
2. After the game, a coach or player uses abusive language toward the officials while the officials are in the parking lot of the school.
A. The official has no jurisdiction in the parking lot of the school.
B. The officials display a red card to the coach or player. If it is a dangerous situation, do not show a card. Instead, safely leave the parking lot and contact the school athletic director to inform them of a parking lot disqualification. The coach or player is now ineligible to participate in the next day of competition.
C. The officials display a red card to the coach or player. The coach or player may still participate in the next game.
3. Team $A$ is in the lead during the last five minutes of the game. Team $B$ has a player who has reported to the official area and is ready to substitute. Team A then sends a player to report to the official area and is ready to substitute. The ball goes out of play and Team B is awarded a throw in.
A. Allow both subs, and do not stop the clock.
B. Allow both subs, but stop the clock.
C. Caution the Team A coach for unsporting behavior.
4. A 1 and B 1 collide at midfield and fall to the ground. B1 immediately jumps up and runs away, but A1 remains on the ground. The center referee stops the clock to check on the injured player, but he is ok.
A. The clock was stopped, so A1 must come out of the game.
B. The clock was stopped, but the coach/trainer was not beckoned. A1 may stay on the field.
5. A1 and B1 collide at midfield and fall to the ground. B1 immediately jumps up and runs away, but A1 remains on the ground. The center referee stops the clock to check on the injured player. Team A's trainer runs onto the field to check on A1.
A. The clock was stopped, so A1 must come out of the game.
B. The clock was stopped, but the coach/trainer was not beckoned. A1 may stay on the field.
C. The clock was stopped, but the trainer ran onto the field. A1 must come out of the game.
6. Team A is awarded a free kick and multiple players from Team B line up for a wall 10 yards from the ball. Another player from Team B lays down behind the wall. Before allowing the play to start, the official instructs the player to stand up.
A. This is the correct procedure.
B. The player laying down should be immediately cautioned.
C. Laying down behind the wall is legal.
7. Team A shoots from inside its own penalty area. The ball accidentally hits the hand of A1 and drops to A1's feet. A1 shoots and scores.
A. Goal. The handling was accidental.
B. Goal. The ball did not go from the hand directly into the net.
C. No Goal. Direct free kick for Team B.
8. The goalkeeper takes a goal kick but mishits the ball sending it only a few yards. There were no opponents rushing in toward the ball, and a teammate was nearby. The goalkeeper decides to pick up the ball.
A. This is not a violation.
B. This is a second touch and an indirect free kick for the other team.
C. This is a second touch and an indirect free kick for the other team. The goalkeeper should also receive a yellow card.
9. Player A2 is in an offside position when player A3 takes a shot on goal. Defender B5 is positioned immediately in front of the goal and saves the ball with his chest, but the ball rebounds to A2. A2 shoots and scores.
A. Disallow the goal and award an indirect free kick to Team B.
B. Allow the goal.
C. Disallow the goal and award a goal kick to Team B.
D. Disallow the goal and award a penalty kick to Team A.
10. A12, in an offside position, receives a header from B7 who had time and space to make a controlled play on the ball.
A. The flag should be raised for offside by A12.
B. There is no offside since it was a deliberate play by B7.
11. A1 is in an offside position. A2 shoots on goal and the ball deflects off the crossbar to A1, who shoots and scores.
A. No goal since A1 was in an offside position and interfered with play. Restart with an indirect free kick where A1 was at the time the ball was played.
B. Goal is awarded since the ball deflected back to A1.
C. Caution A1 for being in offside position and interfering with play.
12. Player A of the attacking team is clearly in an offside position when her teammate delivers the ball to her with a throw-in. She collects the ball and kicks it into the goal. The referee should:
A. Award an indirect free kick to Team B.
B. Award a goal to Team A.
C. Award a goal kick to Team B.
D. Award a re-take to Team A.
13. Near midfield a pass by A7 deflects off the official, changes direction and goes directly to A8 who has a clear run at the goal. What is the appropriate restart?
A. There is no restart, play on.
B. Indirect free kick for Team A.
C. Indirect free kick for Team B.
D. Drop ball to the team that last touched the ball prior to hitting the referee (Team A).
E. Drop ball to the defending goalkeeper (Team B).
14. After a scramble in front of the net, B5 attempts to clear the ball but it is stopped by A6. A6 takes a shot and it strikes the referee who is standing in the penalty area. The ball goes into the goal. What is the appropriate restart?
A. There is no restart, play on.
B. Indirect free kick for Team A.
C. Indirect free kick for Team B.
D. Drop ball to the team that last touched the ball prior to hitting the referee (Team A).
E. Drop ball to the defending goalkeeper (Team B).
15. A player, who is part of a wall in a free kick, moves his hands to protect his groin after the ball is kicked and the ball strikes his hands. The correct ruling is:
A. Award a direct free kick to the opponent at the spot of the foul.
B. Allow play to continue as this was a reflex and not considered a deliberate act.
C. Award an indirect free kick to the opponent at the spot of the foul.
D. None of the above
16. B9 is tripped by A6. The referee stops play and awards a free kick to Team B. A6 and other Team A players move slowly to form a defensive wall. Without waiting for the Team A players to be at least 10 yards from the ball, $\mathrm{B5}$ 's kick strikes the arm of A8 whose arm is stationary and in a natural playing position.
A. Play should continue.
B. The referee should stop play, caution A8, require him to leave the field and restart play with a direct free kick from the spot of the previous kick by Team B.
C. The referee should stop play, caution A8, require him to leave the field and restart play with an indirect free kick from the spot where A8 contacted the ball.
D. The referee should stop play and restart play with a direct free kick from the spot of the previous kick by Team B.
17. Player B 1 , while attempting to play the ball, trips the attacking player A 1 in the penalty box denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity (DOGSO).
A. Award a penalty kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
B. Award a penalty kick and issue a red card to B1.
C. Award a direct free kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
D. Award a direct free kick and issue a red card to B1.
18. Player B1, with no attempt to play the ball, trips the attacking player A1 inside the penalty box denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity (DOGSO).
A. Award a penalty kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
B. Award a penalty kick and issue a red card to B1.
C. Award a direct free kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
D. Award a direct free kick and issue a red card to B1.
19. Player B1, regardless of if they are playing the ball, trips the attacking player A1 outside the penalty box denying an obvious goal-scoring opportunity (DOGSO).
A. Award a penalty kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
B. Award a penalty kick and issue a red card to B1.
C. Award a direct free kick and issue a yellow card to B1.
D. Award a direct free kick and issue a red card to B1.
20. A 1 is on the attack and has the potential to score. B 2 grabs A 1 's shirt in an attempt to deny a shot on goal. A1 passes the ball to A2, who continues to move the ball forward, shoots and scores.
A. The referee is to allow advantage and the goal. No caution is given.
B. The referee is to allow advantage and the goal. B2 is cautioned for grabbing A1's shirt.
C. The referee disallows the goal, cautions B2 for grabbing A1s shirt and restarts the match with a direct free kick from where the foul occurred.
21. A defender commits a careless tackle. It was not a DOGSO situation and it was not in the penalty area. What is the correct sanction?
A. Direct free kick and no card.
B. Indirect free kick and no card
C. Direct free kick and yellow card.
D. Direct free kick and red card.
22. A defender commits a reckless tackle. It was not a DOGSO situation and it was not in the penalty area. What is the correct sanction?
A. Direct free kick and no card.
B. Indirect free kick and no card
C. Direct free kick and yellow card.
D. Direct free kick and red card.
23. A 1 is on the ground and playing the ball. There are no other players nearby. A1 continues attempting to play the ball when B2 moves close and stops short of kicking the ball for fear of kicking A1.
A. There is no foul for playing the ball on the ground.
B. Award a direct free kick for Team B since A1 created a situation in which B2 could have kicked A1.
C. Since B2 came within playing distance and could not play the ball, award an indirect free kick for Team $B$ since $A 1$ in now creating a dangerous situation.
24. During the taking of a penalty kick, A7 uses several stutter-steps but does not interrupt the approach to the ball. The ball enters the goal. The referee should:
A. Allow the goal and restart with a kickoff.
B. Disallow the goal and retake the kick.
C. Disallow the goal and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
D. Disallow the goal, caution A7 for unsporting play and restart with an indirect kick for Team B.
25. On a penalty kick, the goalkeeper moves laterally prior to the kick. In the split-second before the kick is taken he lunges with one foot in front of the line and one foot over the goal line but not actually touching the ground. The goalkeeper makes the save. What is the result of the penalty kick?
A. Retake the kick
B. Corner kick
C. Goal kick
D. Good save, play continues
26. If the referee fails to signal the kick is indirect and the ball goes directly into the opponent's goal, the result shall be:
A. Retake the indirect free kick
B. Award a goal to the kicking team
C. A goal kick to the opposing team; goal is not allowed
D. Drop ball
27. During a penalty kick shootout, each teams' five kickers, goalkeepers and officials are on the field. Where should the coaches and remaining bench players be located?
A. At midfield with the kickers.
B. On the touchline, near the goal.
C. In the Team and Coaching Area.
28. Player A1 has plastic beads in her hair.
A. Beads are considered adornments and are not allowed.
B. Beads are considered adornments and are allowed as long as they are securely fastened to the head.
29. The players on Team A are wearing harnesses under their jerseys that contain devices to track heart rate and distance covered. The data is transmitted to the coaching staff on the sidelines.
A. This is wearable technology. It is secured and not a safety hazard. This is allowed.
B. This is an electronic communication device with an on-field player. This is not allowed.
30. The visiting team shows up to the game with a thin blue stripe on the collar and sleeves of their white uniforms. What is the best response of the official?
A. These uniforms are legal. Play the game.
B. These uniforms are illegal, but the game should be played.
C. These uniforms are illegal, but the game should be played. In addition, the official should make the visiting team coach aware that they will be contacting the MHSAA to alert the office of the illegal uniforms.
